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Newspapers and periodicals as indicated.

INFORMATION ON USSR MEAT AND DAIRY INDUSTRY, JANUARY - MARCH 1953

 $/\overline{C}$ omment: This report presents a compilation, from Soviet newspapers and periodicals, of information on the Soviet meat and dairy industry. Data is given on meat and dairy production, plan fulfillments, completed and contemplated construction, and mechanization.

Numbers in parentheses refer to appended sources. $\overline{/}$

USSR

In 1952, USSR butter production and procurement as a whole amounted to 104 percent of that of 1951 USSR cheese production in 1952 increased 15 percent as compared with 1951. In 1952, 27 percent more processed cheese was produced in the USSR than in 1951, and 10 times more milk sugar than in 1940.(1)

In 1952, 15 percent more meat was produced in the USSR than in 1951, 38 percent more than in 1940, and 1.5 times more than in 1946. In 1953, the USSR meat industry is to produce 14 percent more meat than in 1952.(2)

Karelo-Finnish SSR

In 1952, enterprises of the Ministry of Meat and Duiry Industry Karelo-Finnish SSR Increased production of meat and dairy products 14 percent.(3) In 1952, republic butter production necessed 278.9 percent as compared with 1940.(1)

Estonian SSR

In 1952, the Estonian SSR produced 3 percent of the total USSR butter production. Production of processed cheese is organized in the Estonian SSR.(1)

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During the fourth quarter 1952 the Vastemyysaskiy Butter Plant in Pyarnuskaya Oblast fulfilled the plan as follows: gross production 128.1 percent, prime quality butter 126.3 percent, and dried milk 139 percent.(4)

Latvian SSR

In 1952, the Latvian SSR produced 4.5 percent of the total USSR butter production and 2.3 percent of the total cheese production. Both processed cheese and milk sugar are produced in dairy enterprises of the republic.(1)

During the Fifth Five-Year Plan, a milk-canning combine with an annual production capacity of 30 million cans of milk is to be constructed in Daugav-pilsskaya Oblast. This combine will be the largest of its kind in the Baltic area.(5)

Lithuanian SSR

In 1952, the Lithuanian SSR produced 2.3 percent of the total USSR butter production. Milk sugar is now being produced in republic enterprises.

During the next 3 years (1953 through 1955), 15 butter and cheese plants, two refrigerators for storing butter and cheese, and 40 separating establishments are to be constructed and put in operation. During this same period, 13 plants are to be expanded and re-equipped and 120 separating establishments are to be mechanized.

Belorussian SSR

In 1952, the Belorussian SSR produced 4.2 percent of the total USSR butter production and 3.2 percent of the total cheese production. Butter production in the republic has increased 214.5 percent as compared with 1940. Both processed cheese and milk sugar are produced in dairy enterprises of the republic.(1)

In 1953, six mechanized butter and cheese enterprises of the Ministry of Meat and Dairy Ir ustry Belorussian SSR are to be put in operation. The Minsk Milk Combine is to be completely reconstructed so that it will be able to produce 75 metric tons of dairy and dietetic products per shift. A shop for dried milk production is to be constructed at the Ruzhany Butter Plant in Brestskaya Oblast. A new specialized shop for milk sugar production is being constructed at the Khoyniki Cheese Plant in Polesskaya Oblast. The Mogilev City Dairy with a production capacity of 25 metric tons of diary products per shift is to be put in operation in 1953. Two production lines with an hourly production capacity of 300 kilograms of butter are to be put in operation at the Vileyka Plant in Molodechnenskaya Oblast and the Nesvizh Plant in Baranovichskaya Oblast (6)

During the Fifth Five-Year Plan, 10 butter and cheese plants are to be constructed. By the end of 1955, butter production in the Belorussian SSR is to increase 1.5 times and cheese production 9 times as compared with 1951.(7)

Ukrainian SSR

In 1952, the Ukrainian SSR produced 21.5 percent of the total USSR butter production and 9.9 percent of the total cheese production. Republic butter production in 1952 increased 267.4 percent as compared with 1940. Both processed cheese and milk sugar are produced in dairy enterprises of the republic.(1)

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The Dnepropetrovsk Sausage Plant has been completed. The plant is to produce 60 metric tons of sausage products per $\sinh(t.(8))$

The Ministry of Meat and Dairy Industry USSR has approved an extensive expansion program for the whole-milk industry of Stalinskaya and Voroshilov-gradskaya oblasts during the Fifth Five-Year Plan. A plan for the construction of nine dairies in Voroshilovgrad, Zhdanov, Gorlovka, Voroshilovsk, Roven'ki, Stalino, Kramatorsk, Lisichansk, and Chistyakova in the next 3 years (1953 through 1955) has been confirmed. The first section of the Voroshilovgrad Dairy, with a daily processing capacity of 30 metric tons of milk, is to be put in operation in the fourth quarter 1953. During this period, the construction of five butter bases is to be completed.

A plan for reconstruction and expansion of existing milk and butter plants and for the technical re-equipping of 38 plants for initial processing of milk has also been confirmed.

By 1 October 1953, construction of the Slavyansk and Artemovsk city dairies is to be completed as well as the Tel'manovo Butter Plant, the Zhelannovskiy Dairy, and the materio-technical base in Voroshilovgrad. In the first half of 1954, the Zhdan. City Dairy is to be completed.(9)

Moldavian SSR

Because of more extensive refrigerating facilities, Moldavian meat production in 1951 increased 34 percent as compared with 1950 and in 1952 17.2 percent as compared with 1951 without increasing slaughtering shop capacities.

In the near future, refrigeration plants in Tiraspol' and Bel'tsy and the Kishinev Milk Combine with a large refrigeration apparatus are to be put in operation. In 1953, seven butter and cheese plants of the republic are to be equipped with refrigeration units.(10)

Construction of the Yedintsy, Kalarash, and Ryshkany butter and cheese plants has been completed. Machinery for these plants are now being assembled and installed. These enterprises are completely mechanized and will process annually up to 1,000 metric tons of milk. The new Kishinev Milk Combine is to process during the year nearly 5,000 metric tons of milk. In 1953, production of dairy products in the Moldavian SSR is to increase over 1952 as follows: cheese 50 percent, dried milk 3.2 times, and ice cream 40 percent.(11)

In 1955, production of butter in the Moldavian SSR is to approximately triple that of 1950.(12)

Georgian SSR

In 1952, butter production of the Georgian SSR increased 290.6 percent as compared with 1940. In 1952, the republic produced 6.1 percent of the total USSR cheese production.(1)

The Dmanisskiy Mechanized Cheese Plant has been put in operation. The plant is to process annually 2,000 metric tons of milk. Two more large mechanized cheese plants are being constructed in Tsalkskiy and Bogdanovskiy rayons.(13)

Armenian SSR

In 1952, butter production in the Armenian SSR increased 226.8 percent as compared with 1940. In 1952, the republic produced 2.4 percent of the total USSR cheese production.

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RSFSR

In 1952, the RSFSR produced 55.6 percent of the total USSR butter production and 70.6 percent of the total cheese production. Both processed cheese and milk sugar are produced in republic enterprises.(1)

Construction of the Troitskiy and Kamushinskiy mechanized butter plants in Altayskiy Kray has been completed. In the near future, Burla, Suyetka, Kamen', and Uglovskiy butter and cheese plants are to be put in operation.(14)

A large refrigeration plant has been equipped at the Biysk Meat Combine in Altayskiy Kray. A meat-canning plant is now being constructed at the combine. (14)

Science has proved that a nutritious diet must contain in addition to albumen, fats, and carbohydrates a whole series of vitamins. It has been established that one of these vitamins, B-2 or riboflavin, is very important for normal growth an development. However, the content of riboflavin in everyday food products is practically insignificant.

Recently, a group of scientists under the leadership of Professor B. I. Kadykov of the Leningrad Scientific-Research Institute of Sanitation and Hygiene and Professor O. K. Palladiona of the All-Union Scientific-Research Institute of Fats worked out a new method of obtaining the valuable vitemin. In the process of preparing a special yeast from dairy products, they discovered that a large amount of vitemin B-2 is produced.

The Third Leningrad Dairy has already mastered production of vitaminized "kefir" /kind of fermented goat's milk/, clabber, and other dairy products rich in riboflavin.(15)

In 1952, the Moscow Plant of Endocrine Compounds increased production of medicinal preparations 16.5 percent as compared with 1951.(16)

During the Fifth Five-Year Plan, 40 butter plants and nearly 500 separating establishments are to be constructed or reconstructed in Omskaya Oblast.(17)

In 1952, the Stalingrad City Dairy in Stalingradskaya Oblast produced 713 metric tons of dairy products above plan.(9)

In the next 3 years (1953 through 1955), 21 butter and cheese plants and 80 mechanized separating establishments are to be constructed and put in operation in Voronezhskaya Oblart. During this same period, 19 butter and cheese plants and 100 separating establishments are to be expanded and technically reequipped. After the new plants have been put in operation, 26 small enterprises are to be reorganized into separating establishments. Construction of two "sborno-shchitovyy" [cable distributor? refrigeration plants and the expansion of the Liski Refrigeration Plant is planned for this period.(9)

Kazakh SSR

In 1952, the Kazakh SSR produced 5.2 percent of the total USSR butter production.(1)

In 1952, more than 10 standard-type butter plants and two refrigeration plants in Gur'yev and Balkhash were put in operation. In the near future, mechanized butter plants with dry milk shops in Shemonaikha, Vostochno-Kazekhstanskaya Oblast, Osakarovka, Karagandinskaya Oblast, and Borovskoye, Kustanayskaya Oblast and refrigeration plants in Taldy-Kurgan and Dzhambul are to go in operation. In 1953, nearly 100 butter plants are to be mechanized.(18)

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Uzbek SSR

In 1952, butter production in the Uzbek SSR increased 280.2 percent as compared with 1940.

Tadzhik SSR

In 1952, butter production in the Tadzhik SSR increased 506.7 percent as compared with 1940.

Kirgiz SSR

In 1952, butter production in the Kirgiz SSR increased 310.6 percent as compared with 1940.(1)

During January and February 1953, enterprises of the Kirgiz Butter Industry Trust produced almost 200 metric tons more butter, cheese, whole-milk products, and cheese curds than during the same period of 1952. In January and February, the Frunze Dairy exceeded its plan for creamery butter production 1.5 times.

In March 1953, a new mechanized plant in 0sh is to be put in operation. \cdot Similar enterprises are being constructed in Kok-Yangak and in Leninskiy Rayon. (19)

The new Kirovskiy Cheese Plant in Talasskaya Oblast has been put in operation and is to process 1,000 metric tons of milk annually.(20)

In 1952, production at the Tokmak Butter Plant increased over 1951 as follows: butter 1.5 times, dried milk 50 percent, and ice cream 100 percent.(21)

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